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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/008,456 11/02/2001		Timothy R. Owens	5618P2971 5019		
8791 . 75	8791 · 7590 03/22/2006		EXAMINER		
BLAKELY SO	OKOLOFF TAYLOR &	ROY, BAISAKHI			
12400 WILSHII	RE BOULEVARD				
SEVENTH FLO	OOR		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LOS ANGELES	S, CA 90025-1030		3737	<u>-</u>	

DATE MAILED: 03/22/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· · · · · · ·		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/008,45	6	OWENS ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Baisakhi R	<u> </u>	3737				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	ppears on the	cover sheet with the d	correspondence ad	ldress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF TH I.136(a). In no even d will apply and wi ute, cause the appl	IIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tire Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this c ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)[[]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 27	December 20	005.					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
<i>'</i> —								
,_	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4) 🛛	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are pending in the application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-49</u> is/are rejected.							
7)								
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election re	equirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ a	ccepted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).								
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmon	t(c)							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)			Paper No(s)/Mail D	Date	0.450)			
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	08)	6) Other:	Patent Application (PT	U-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 12/27/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant's attention is redirected to Gillies et al. teaching the adjustment of the visibility of the medical device based on the requirements (col. 23 lines 37-45), to either increase or suppress noise associated with the device. With respect to the storage of the target markers, applicant claims that the information of the markers is not stored prior to the insertion of the medical device into the anatomy and it is not clear as to the reasoning behind the storage of information on the markers when the device has not even been inserted into the anatomy. Also, in the applicant's arguments, in page 13, it appears that there should be storage of information of the target markers since it is stated in line 2 that nowhere in the Gillies reference is it taught, disclosed, or suggested that prior to insertion of the device, information of the markers in stored, whereas the claim states that prior to insertion of device, there should not be storage of information on the target markers.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 3. Claims 1-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to

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which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. With respect to the storage of the target markers, applicant claims that the information of the markers is not stored prior to the insertion of the medical device into the anatomy and it is not clear as to the reasoning behind the storage of information on the markers when the device has not even been inserted into the anatomy.

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. With respect to the storage of the target markers, applicant claims that the information of the markers is not stored prior to the insertion of the medical device into the anatomy and it is not clear as to the reasoning behind the storage of information on the markers when the device has not even been inserted into the anatomy.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. Claims 1, 4-10, 13-24, 27-35, 38-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gillies et al. (6272370).

Regarding claims 1, 4, 7-9, 13, 16, 19-22, 23, 27, 33, 34, 38, and 44, Gillies et al. teach an apparatus and method of inserting a medical device such as a catheter with a plurality of target markers into an anatomy, scanning a MRI image of the anatomy with said MRI processor having the ability to detect low-level signals, processing the scanned image, determining a location and orientation of the medical device in relation

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to the anatomy, and displaying a precise image of the device within the anatomy where the device is not depicted as noise for MRI systems (col. 6 lines 27-49, col. 8 lines 16-31, col. 11 lines 5-13, col. 14 lines 41-60, col. 27 lines 7-40).

Regarding claims 10, 24, 32, 35 and 43, Gillies et al. teach said method and apparatus pre-scanning the medical device before inserting in an anatomy, storing and transmitting a plurality of image data to the processor, and withdrawing the device from the anatomy at an adjusted pace (col. 11 lines 5-18, col. 12 lines 37-55, col. 28 lines 55-67).

Regarding claims 5, 6, 14, 15, 28, 29, 39, and 40, Gillies et al. teach said medical device to be expandable and composed of polymer material (col. 25 lines 15-25, col. 28 lines 52-55).

Regarding claims 17, 18, 30, 31, 41, and 42, Gillies et al. teach superimposing an image of the medical device over the anatomy by replacing a plurality of pixels of an anatomy with a plurality of pixels of the medical device (col. 11 lines 5-13 lines 31-64).

Regarding claims 45-49, Gillies et al. teach a MRI system comprising a scanner, a processor, a control unit, and a display with the ability to detect low-level signals from a medical device with a plurality of target markers which is inserted into an anatomy, where the device is not depicted as noise for MRI systems, and the location and orientation of said device is determined prior to insertion into an anatomy (col. 6 lines 27-49, col. 8 lines 16-31, col. 11 lines 5-13, col. 14 lines 41-60, col. 27 lines 7-40).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 2, 3, 11, 12, 25, 26, 36, and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gillies et al. in view of Young et al.

Regarding claims 2, 11, 25, and 36, Gillies et al. teach the use of a plurality of target markers as set forth above, but do not explicitly teach said markers to be one of ferromagnetic and paramagnetic material. In the same field of endeavor, Young et al. teach said medical device to be composed of paramagnetic material (col. 6 lines 34-65, col. 12 lines 37-67, col. 13 lines 1-20). It would have therefore been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the marker material composition teaching by Gillies et al. to modify the teaching by Young et al. for the purpose of using a paramagnetic material to generate images with enhanced visibility of the medical device.

Regarding claims 3, 12, 26, and 37, Gillies et al. do not explicitly teach the magnetic field strength of the MRI system. It is well known in the art that diagnostic MRI system employ magnets with operating field strengths in the range of 0.02 T to 1.5 T. In the same field of endeavor, Young et al. teach the use of a MRI system operating at 1.5 Tesla (col. 14 lines 10-15). It would have therefore been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the teaching by Young et al. to modify the teaching by Gillies et al. for the purpose of applying an appropriate magnetic field strength.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Baisakhi Roy whose telephone number is 571-272-7139. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30 a.m. - 4p.m.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian L. Casler can be reached on 571-272-4956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BR

BR

BRIAN L. CASLER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTED 27

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